

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF LEGAL ENFORCEMENT

ISSN: 2582 8894|UIA: AA1003/2020



Volume 1 Issue 2

|June 2021|

Website: www.internationaljournaloflegalenforcement-ijle.com

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International Journal of Legal Enforcement is an online peer review journal dedicated to express views on legal and socio legal aspects. This platform also shall ignite the initiative of the young students. We do not charge any publication charge for online publications. We process to bring out the analysis and thoughts of every socio legal and legal matters from the young powerful minds. With this thought we hereby present you, International Journal of Legal Enforcement.

“Dharma is to protect the Needy”

**Article on
Feminism: A Relic History**

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1. A HISTORICAL OVERVIEW

As History is the witness that we all know about who the women are? From the ancient time, there has been so much discrimination and Injustice with the women and that has been the most painful point for all us which was faced. They started facing some struggles and problems during post Rigvedic and epic ages. History shows that many a time, women were treated as that of servant. But, in some of the areas, women were more powerful than anyone else. Why not to take an example of Rani Lakshmi Bai- The brave woman in the entire history and Mother Teresa- The most helpful woman of 19th Century? These women have always supported this nation and moreover, they have been empowered by their family to set an example for the future generation including the enthusiastic women. It was observed that right from the early 20th century (national movement), the statuses of women had been changing gradually and this credit goes to the British people. It is only after the Independence of India, under the able leadership of Dr Ambedkar, the constitutional makers and national leaders started strongly demanding and also restate the equal social position of women with men. The big issue of discrimination was resolved by many knowledgeable philosophers but still, there is need to end this because it still exists in present world.

2. INTRODUCTION TO THIS ISSUE

“Women are the future of the upcoming enthusiastic group of people because their inspiration is what other people want...” Women’s Empowerment has been a serious issue for which many discussions were done and so many people did contemplation over the last few decades worldwide for this. Illiterate Women, Not valuing them, torturing the women etc. are the problem faced by many women in ancient era, and even today. Human Rights or Individual Rights: A woman is a being with senses, imagination and thoughts; she should be able to express them freely. Individual empowerment means to have the self- confidence to articulate and assert the power to negotiate and decide. This campaign may help the women to make this prosperous world comfortable to live. However, Women are typically not even asked about decision-making roles and are not provided the power. They also receive unequal share in the work, and they often face challenges that affect their opportunities at work. In a general public, women are the most vulnerable connections, so they might be fortified for reinforcing the general public all in all furthermore, that is conceivable exclusively by enabling them. Nehru said, "women ought to be inspired for the upliftment of the country, for if any of the lady is inspired,

society and country is elevated" (Leela Menon, 2004)¹. Women strengthening is basic to the cycle of the turn of events of the local area. Strengthening of women is crucial for the ladies work in the standard of monetary turn of events.

3. WHAT IS WOMEN EMPOWERMENT ?

Basically, Women Empowerment means to encourage the women and empower them to achieve their goals successfully. Generally, the explanation to this can be that putting forward their views in front of the people, making them literate or simply educating them so that awareness could also be spread through the studies to all the women living in the entire world. Women empowerment can be defined to promote their self-worth, their determination-ability their self-choices, and their right to put social change for themselves and others. Women's empowerment and promoting women's rights emerged as a part of a major global movement. They are continuing to break new ground in recent years. Days like International Women's Empowerment Day, which is celebrated annually on March 8. In each year, there is a different theme, which is gaining momentum. In spite of a great deal of ¹progress, women and girls continue to face discrimination and violence in each and every part of this world. However, Gender equality is a human birth-right which has not been followed by many people. But girls and women continue to face noteworthy challenges all over the world. In this progressing world, women are often seen as less valuable than boys. Instead of being sent to school, they are often made to do domestic work at home or are married off for a dowry in a very small. Around 12 million underage girls are married every year. All the more as of late, in the wake of Nirbhaya case including the assault and ruthless homicide of paramedical understudy in Delhi, the public authority has passed the Adolescent Equity (Care and Security of Youngsters) Bill, 2015. This Demonstration makes a critical takeoff from the prior Adolescent Equity (Care and Security of Youngsters) Act, 2000, as the adolescent age welcoming discipline for offense currently stands diminished from 18 to 16 years. While some progress is being made in various parts of the world, there is still a great deal left to be done to correct the problems of gender discrimination/inequality. Encouraging women is vital to the health and social development of families, communities, societies and countries. When women are living safe, fruitful and productive lives, they can reach their full potential. Can also contribute their skills to the works and can raise happier and healthier children. They are also able to help fuel sustainable

¹ <http://www.legalserviceindia.com/legal/article-1320-women-empowerment-and-constitutional-provisions.html#:~:text=To%20empower%20women%20there%20are,%3B%20Pre%2DConception%20%26%20Pre%2D>

economies and benefit societies and humanity at large. These women can also help this world achieve the 17 sustainable development goals which was aimed to achieve by 2030.

Mainly, there are seven principles of Women empowerment. The first principle is to create high-level corporate leadership for gender equality. The next one is to treat all people fairly at work, respecting and supporting non-discrimination and human rights. The third important principle is ensuring the health, wellbeing and safety of all workers, whether male or female. Other one is to promote education, training and professional development for women. The fifth principle is implementing supply chain, marketing practices and enterprise development that empower women. The sixth principle of Women Empowerment is to champion equality through community initiatives and advocacy. The last principle to be kept in mind is to measure and report publicly on progress to create gender equality.

4. BARRIERS / CHALLENGES FACED BY THE WOMEN

How can we forget to tell that there are many barriers and challenges when Women Empowerment was introduced. As women were deprived of freedom of movement, social interaction, getting exposed after media, education, decision making and women's control over resources. Gender discrimination, Lack of Women Education, Female infanticide,² Financial constraint, Dowry, low mobility and family status were some other problems which were faced... From a worldwide point of view, perhaps the greatest test confronting women is instructive imbalance. In spite of the numerous increases of present day women activist developments in the Americas, Africa, Asia and past, many actually accept that women are less deserving of similar instructive freedoms stood to men. While there is no rejecting that neediness, topography and different elements add to gigantic differences in schooling, man controlled society legitimizes this refusal of chance. It takes care of the message that men ought to use the force and women ought to involve a subordinate situation in every aspect of society. This obsolete, yet steady, perspective energizes instructive imbalance and a large group of different differences as per gender on public and worldwide levels. These challenges have never let the women to reach at the top level.

5. WHY WAS IT CAME INTO EXISTENCE?

²<https://www.worldvision.com.au/womens-empowerment/>

It basically permits women to make life decisions themselves through the different problems within a city. They may get the golden opportunity to redefine gender roles or more of such roles. This can, in turn allow them more freedom to pursue goals. The significance of gender equality is highlighted by its consideration as one of the eight thousand years of Improvement by Objectives. Gender equality is recognized similar to a vital aspect for accomplishing the other seven objectives. However oppression ladies – including gender based savagery, monetary segregation, conceptive wellbeing imbalances, and unsafe customary practices – stays the most unavoidable and industrious type of disparity. To reinforce the cycles which advance comprehensive turn of events and strengthening of ladies, sex uniformity and sex equity through the between sectoral combination of projects that impact women, produce cooperative energy among different partners and establish an empowering climate helpful for social change.

6. WHEN AND WHERE WAS THIS PROGRAMME INTRODUCED?

However, the main concept the people should know is that when was this concept introduced? A UN's third conference was held on the issue of women at Nairobi in Kenya, ³Africa. It also reorganized the social and economic powers and control the resources for the women. It has the command to fortify the between area union; work with the way toward planning every one of the ladies' government assistance and financial advancement programs across services and offices. The Mission expects to give a solitary window administration to all projects run by the Public authority for women under the aegis of different Services.

Considering its command, the Mission has been named Mission Poorna Shakti, inferring a dream for comprehensive strengthening the women.

The Public Asset Community for women as been set up what capacities as a public intermingling place for all plans and projects for women. It goes about as a focal archive of information, data, examination and information on all sexual orientation related issues and is the primary body overhauling the Public and State Mission Authority.

7. ESTABLISHMENT OF SECTIONS AND ARTICLES

Now what are the articles which were introduced for women empowerment? According to Article 14, it ensures that all the laws have equal protection in India and mustn't deny the fact

³The Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961

that every person is equal before the law. Article 15 explains the prohibition of discrimination on grounds of religion, race, caste, sex, birthplace etc. Article 16 is the equality of opportunity in public employment. Article 19 is the freedom of speech and expression that all ⁴people have right to put their views forward and express the ideas. Article 21 is the protection of life and personal liberty i.e. he/she may not be deprived of his life or personal liberty except in the case of laws.

Article 39 make sure about directive principles of state policy.

Article 39(a) ensures that state should secure its men and women equally for their livelihood. Article 39(d) ensures that men and women must be equally paid and no difference in salary must be there.

Article 42 the Constitution consolidate a vital arrangement to assist women. It guides the State to make arrangement for getting simply and compassionate the states of work and for maternity help.

Article 51(A) (e) is related to women. It states that; It shall be the duty of every citizen of India to promote harmony and the spirit of common brotherhood amongst all the people of India transcending religion, linguistic, regional or sectional diversities; to renounce practices derogatory to the dignity of women.

8. GOVERNMENT ESTABLISHMENTS WERE MADE FOR WOMEN:

The Public Commission for Ladies has over the most recent couple of years presented a few new bills in the parliament every now and then towards destruction of numerous social indecencies. A portion of the huge authorizations are refered here.

Beti padao beti bacho yojana

The Share Preclusion Act, 1961

The Hindu Widow Re-Marriage Demonstration of 1856: In the customs at Hindu society there was a restriction on widow remarriage it was quite possibly the main indecencies from which ladies in the conventional Hindu society endured a ton. This demonstration permitted widow to remarry and section 5 of this Demonstration guaranteed her to appreciate every one of the rights, which a wedded lady did.

⁴ The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 (Amended in 1995)

The Kid Marriage Restriction Demonstration of 1929: The act of kid marriage was another social evil from which women in conventional Hindu society endured a great deal. Age at marriage for young ladies was 9 or 10 and subsequent to passing this demonstration the base eligible time of ladies was fixed to 15 years. Later this age was expanded as long as 18 years.

The Hindu Marriage Demonstration of 1955: This Demonstration has perceived the equivalent privileges of people in the issue of marriage and separation. Under the arrangement of this Demonstration either the man or woman can introduce an appeal in a courtroom for separate, spouse has got equivalent option to separate.

9. PROS AND CONS OF WOMEN EMPOWERMENT

⁵There are many advantages and disadvantages of women empowerment. So, the benefits of this program is that Women spend ninety per cent of their income for their families and become economically empowered. Their children can have better education and raise human development levels. This also erases the difference between men and women. It can make the nation achieve success and achievement. Domestic Violence can be reduced which is a social existing issue. The economy can be grown because the world constitutes of more than 50% of women in which most of them are unemployed. So, educating them can grow the economy. If the women will be replaced by political positions, then they can work for the rights of other females. Obviously, As women are really peaceful and gentle, there will be less wars in the world and relations between countries will become stronger. Educated Women will focus on the studies of children and can also save money and invest at the right places. Hence, there is social, political, economic benefits of women empowerment. If we talk about disadvantages there are NOT any disadvantages of this program, but it depends on how a woman view it. Women Empowerment can also take the women to a wrong place and they may use their knowledge for some bad activities which may lead to making them notorious. Likewise, savagery and security is a significant danger to ladies in the public arena. Abusive behavior at home, assaults, and so on are alarmingly expanding step by step. All the more thus, since ladies are reluctant to shout out. Essentially, the ones who accomplish a similar work get paid not exactly their male partners. It is out and out unreasonable and misogynist to pay somebody less for a similar work in light of their gender. ⁶Hence, we perceive how women ⁷strengthening is

⁵ The National Plan of Action for the Girl Child for 1991

the need of great importance. We need to engage these women to support ⁸themselves and never be a survivor of unfairness. Gather public information and recognize the zones where event of brutality and gender imbalance is on top. This information can be utilized by the Public authority, NGOs and field laborers to build the situation with ladies.

The general public ought to be made mindful that both kid and girls are similarly treated, and the two of them ought to have equivalent admittance to access the assets.

An individual might be said as incredible, when he/she may have the privilege of specific things and furthermore have control on an enormous specific bit of influence assets like information, schooling, economic wellbeing, capacities of preparation, individual abundance, initiative preparing, and so forth.

10. HOW TO MAKE THIS PROGRAMME EFFECTIVE?

There are many things which we all can do to make these programs effective. Rallies may be organized to empower this program, and many organizations can organize a poster-making, essay-writing, poem-recitation competitions to spread the awareness amongst the children and the people. This plays a very important role because until the people will not do the efforts at their end, this program cannot achieve success and future generation have to face the problems. Other ways can be to boost the self-esteem of a women to achieve great things, close the doors of negativity, end the inequality towards women, support the small business which are run by women, not to be dishonest with the women. Following these small ways can take this to higher position and bring this campaign into the action... Boosting their power in this way can also encourage the women to organize the nation at the international level. At the point when girls stay in school and finish optional training, a great deal of beneficial things occur for them and their families. They appreciate better wellbeing and can deal with themselves and their kids. They live more, wed later, acquire higher wages, and are more dynamic members in local area life. However, 130 million young ladies ages 6 to 17 are out of school. The model of stretching out little credits to women' gatherings without guarantee helped the SHG development in India, which has been appropriated by NRLM. Throughout some stretch of time, there has been an endeavor to set up association between admittance to credit and strengthening for country women.

⁶ Almost 40% of ladies in wage work don't approach social protection.

11. CONCLUSION

In the end, we would like to conclude that still, there's a way to go for all the women living in this world. Women need to assume a significant part in the structure up of each economy. ⁹Women who structure just about one portion of the total populace establish the noticeable greater part of poor people. Women either exclusively or to a great extent support an ¹⁰expanding number of families. Women experience destitution more than men. At the point when cash is given to men it may not profit the family however when women oversee cash, it is discovered to be better used. Ventures pointing to improve the day to day environments of the poor can't, in this way, be powerful except if ladies take an interest in their plan and execution, as givers just as recipients. "Expanding women ' abilities and engaging them is the surest method to add to financial development and in general turn of events" The respect and culture of a general public can be recognized from the situation with women in the society. As women can pursue so many professions, each one of us should take a pledge to keep supporting all the people, whether it is men or women because both the genders are equal. But truthfully, there's need for the women more because men have never been discriminated on the basis of gender and have always been given a higher status. Now, it's the need for all of us to be together and take the women to the pillars of success.

8 The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976